

# **Children's Social Care Performance Report**

March 2025 YE 2024/25

**Scrutiny** 

# Scrutiny

# **Year end 2024-25 Performance Summary**

Referrals: A total of 962 children had a referral to social care in 2024/25, a -29.9% reduction on the 1,374 children referred during 2023/24, giving us a rate of 432.3 compared to a 686.7 rate in 2023/24. This is below the most recent publication for our stat neighbours (576.6), regional (598.8) and national (518.3) averages. 80.1% led straight to a C&F assessment, 19.0% had a strategy within 48 hours and 0.8% were a CP transfer in. There were also 161 additional referrals received requesting singular reports for Special Educational Needs (SEN) assessments. This breakdown of referrals is similar to last year.

79.5% of the 962 referrals were outcomed within 1 working day. A small decrease in the 81.4% completed within 1 working day during 2023/24.
20 (2.1%) of the 962 referrals were outcomed over 3 working days, which is outperforming our target of 5% but an increase compared to the 1.7% of referrals taking over 3 working days in 2023/24.

Re-Referrals: In 2024/25, 124 re-referrals were made into social care within 12 months of their last referral ending, equating to 12.9%, keeping us below our internal target of 18%. This is a positive decrease of -62.8% compared to last year, which saw 333 re-referrals, equating to 23.1%.

As this measure is a running 12-month calculation, it can take some time when implementing improvement measures to see the results, which are now beginning to become evident.

**Building Stronger Families:** At the end of 2024/25, there were 219 families, 443 children open to the Building Stronger Families team. A further 70 families with 145 children were open to an external agency supporting the families. 1,299 Early Help Assessments (EHA) were started in 2024/25, 14.5% of which were led by an external agency and 1,109 children, 538 families ended an episode working with BSF during 2024/25, 74.7% of which ceased following positive impact and change.

Missing: The total number of missing episodes in 2024/25 was 272, involving 81 individual children and young people (CYP). This is a reduction when compared to 2023/24 which seen 423 episodes of missing involving 122 individual children. The reduction is mainly seen in the missing cases of Children in Care young people open to another local authority (27.2% of the episodes in 2023/24 and 12.5% of the episodes in 2024/25).

98.6% of Return Home Interviews (RHI) (excluding children from other authorities) were offered during 2024/25.

62 of the 81 CYP's (76.5%) had 3 or less episodes of missing during 2024/25 and 14 (17.3%) had between 4 and 6 episodes, with 5 further CYP's having more than 10 episodes.

Children & Families Assessments: 925 children had a C&F assessment completed in 2024/25. This is a -40.5% decrease compared to the 1,554 assessments started in 2023/24, and more in line with pre covid figures.

89.4% of the assessments were completed with the 45-day timescale during 2024/25. This is a significant increase to previous years (62.7% in 2023/24 and 70.0% in 2022/23) and evidence of the sustained and targeted work and support throughout the year.

Section 47 Enquiries: 277 section 47 enquires were started in 2024/25, involving 522 individual children, 33 of which were already on an open Child Protection (CP) plan. 526 children had a section 47 enquiry completed in 2024/25 with 33.5% outcomed for an ICPC and 65.1% with the continuation of the C&F assessment.

Child Protection Conference timeliness: 76.9% of Initial Child Protection Conferences (ICPC) were held within 15 working days from the strategy meeting / section 47 being initiated, excluding children who were transferred-in conference, during 2024/25.

Performance has dropped below the target of 95% despite work during the year to improve this. The predominant reason for the delays is due to late notification by the Social Work Teams that a Child Protection Conference is needed within 10 working days of the enquiry to allow a minimum of 5 working days for the partner agencies to prepare reports and arrange for someone to attend the meeting.

Child Protection Plans: 111 children had a CP plan open at the end of March 2025. This is a -24.0% decrease on the 146 plans open at the end of March 2023 and closer to the 116 plans open at March 2023.

140 CP plans were started in 2024/25, a decrease from 196 plans starting in 2023/24, similar to the 134 started in 2022/23 that had a similar number on a plan at the end of the year, and 174 plans ceased during 2024/25.

During 2024/25, there were 17 children who started a CP plan after ceasing their previous CP plan within 2 years. The target for this measure is 6%, and the 17 children equate to 12.1% of the total children starting a CP plan in the year. These 17 children represent 7 families, unfortunately 6 of the 7 families returned to a CP for the same or similar reasons as the previous, predominantly around substance misuse and domestic violence despite the targeted work that was done with the families during the plan.

No child has ceased their CP plan after being subject to it for more than 2 years.

Child Protection Statutory visits: 76.3% (2,328 / 3,050) of Child Protection statutory visits were completed within 10 working days in 2024/25 Each month this year, the Social Workers have completed over 90% of the visits within 15 days.

Children in Care: 265 children were in care as at March 2025, 22 (8.3%) of which were unaccompanied asylum-seeking children and young people. This is a -11.6% decrease on the 300 children in care in March 2024 and a -17.7% decrease on the 322 children in March 2023.

14.5% (9 / 62) of the children and young people coming into care during 2024/25 were accepted by the Home Office as UASC (Unaccompanied Asylum-Seeking Child). 53 further children, from 39 families, also came into care during this time.

95 children and young people, from 76 families ceased to be in care in 2024/25. 33 children (34.7%) returned home, 17 (17.9%) had an SGO/CAO granted, 14 (14.7%) were adopted and 29 (30.5%) turned 18yrs becoming care leavers (4 of which were UASC), and 2 for other reasons.

Children in Care Reviews: 95.0% of the initial Children in Care reviews carreid out on children currently in care, were done in timescale as at March 2025. 87.7% of subsequent review have been carried out in timescale.

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Children in Care Statutory visits: 83.7% (2,598 / 3,103) of statutory visits for Children in Care were completed in timescale in 2024/25. Although improving performance on the previous 2 years, this remains below target (90%).

Children in Care Placements: When comparing placements from March 2025 with March 2024 we see a healthy reduction in the placements of IFA (from 26.0% to 23.8%) and the increase of connected carer placements (from 15.3% to 20.0%). Placed with parents, overall, has remained consistent along with adoptive placements but where we have seen a negative shift is the increase in residential accommodation (from 14.0% to 16.6%) and the decrease in in-house foster placements (from 22.3% to 19.6%). The percentage of children in a long-term foster placement has remaining consistent with 35.7% at March 2025.

13.3% (35 children) of our Children in Care, as of March 2025, have had 3 or more placements within the previous 12 months. This is above target (10%). As our Children in Care numbers reduce, 1 child move will result in a larger percentage fluctuation which can disguise the fact that this measure has improved with 35 children having 3+ moves in the year compared to 51 during 2023/24 and 44 during 2022/23.

53.3% (65 / 122) of our Children in Care aged under 16 (who have been looked after for at least 2.5 years) have been in their current placement continuously for at least 2 years.

12.1% of our Children in Care have been placed 20 or more miles away from home as of March 2025. This has exceeded our target of 10%. Although the number of children placed at a distance is the same as at March 2024, the cohort for this measure has reduced resulting in a higher percentage than if the cohort had remained consistent.

Health and Dental Reviews: 93.2% of children due a review health assessment by March 2025 have had one completed, with only 2 young people refusing to engage in their latest medical checks.

69.4% of children due a dental check-up in 2024/25 have had one completed with 8 young people are refusing to engage in the medical checks. The children and young people are continually reminded of the benefits of having a check-up and encouraged to take part.

Initial Health Assessments: 58.6% of the children who came into care during 2024/25, for more than 20 days, had their IHA forms sent to Health within the 5 day timescale. 55.2% of the children were then seen by a health professional within 20 days. The main reasons for the reduction in the number of children receiving their assessment within 20 days is due to cancelled appointment and medical professionals' availability.

Care Leavers: 96.7% of our care leavers aged 19-21 and 95.7% of our care leavers aged 22-25 were in suitable accommodation at the end of March 2025.

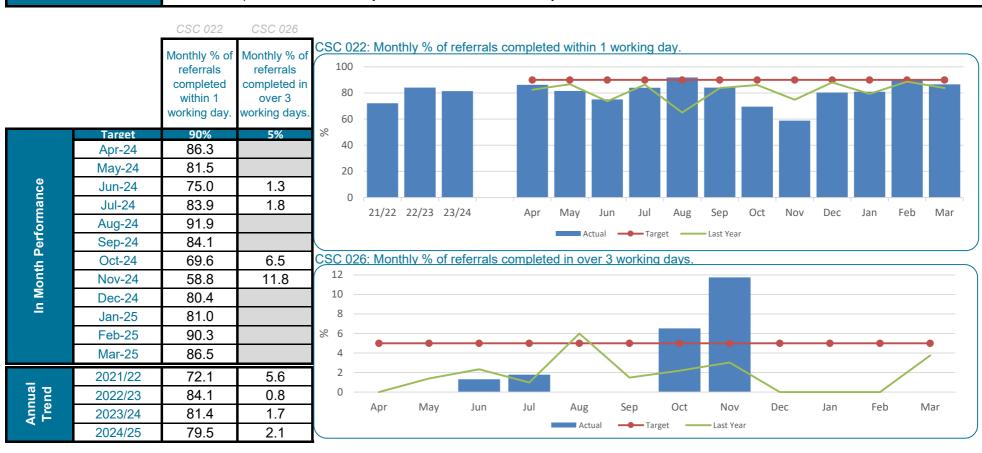
41.0% of care leavers aged 19-21 are deemed NEET with no education, employment or training, a further 38.3% of care leavers aged 22-25 are also deemed NEET. A review of recording and decision making is taking place regarding all our care leavers to ensure accurate recording.

50.8% young people aged 19-21, were in training or employment (31.1% in full time and 19.7% in part time) and 8.2% were in education, and 48.9% young people aged 22-25, were in training or employment (27.7% in full time and 21.3% in part time) and 12.8% were in education.

# **REFERRALS: TIMELINESS**

### **DEFINITION**

Percentage of referrals completed within 1 working day and over 3 working days. Referrals completed within 1 working day indicates that decisions regarding the services required are made in a timely manner to minimise drift and delay and to ensure that children are safe.



### **REFERRALS: RE-REFERRALS**

### **DEFINITION**

Percentage of re-referrals that are received within 12 months of a previous referral (based on referral start dates and in line with DfE definition). A re-referral to Children's Social Care could be an indication that the previous referral was inappropriately closed down without addressing the initial concerns or issues.

		CSC 034	CSC 032		_
		Monthly number of re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months	% re-referrals that are repeat within 12 months (cumulative)	% of referrals that are re- referrals (monthly)	%
	Target		18%		
	Apr-24	10	12.5	12.5	
4	May-24	13	17.2	24.1	
JOE	Jun-24	17	19.1	22.4	
naı	Jul-24	10	18.8	17.9	
orr	Aug-24	3	17.5	8.1	
erl	Sep-24	6	15.9	8.6	C
ä	Oct-24	8	14.4	8.6	
In Month Performance	Nov-24	14	14.3	13.7	
Σ	Dec-24	13	13.8	11.6	
=	Jan-25	7	13.2	8.3	
	Feb-25	6	12.8	8.3	
	Mar-25	17	12.9	13.5	
	2021/22	106	10.9		
nd	2022/23	286	17.9		
Annual Trend	2023/24	333	23.1		
	2024/25	124	12.9		



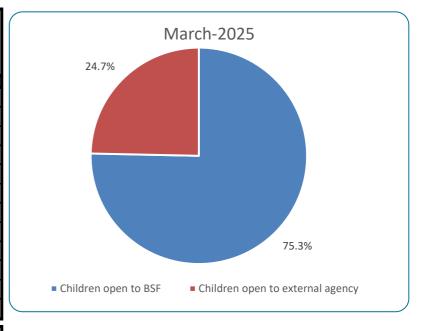


# **BUILDING STRONGER FAMILIES: OPEN EPISODES**

# **DEFINITION**

The number of children and families that have an open episode with the Building Stronger Families (BSF) team at the end of each reporting month. Also reported is the number of children and families that have an open episode with an external agency. The proportion of children open to BSF is then calculated using the total cohort and displayed as a percentage.

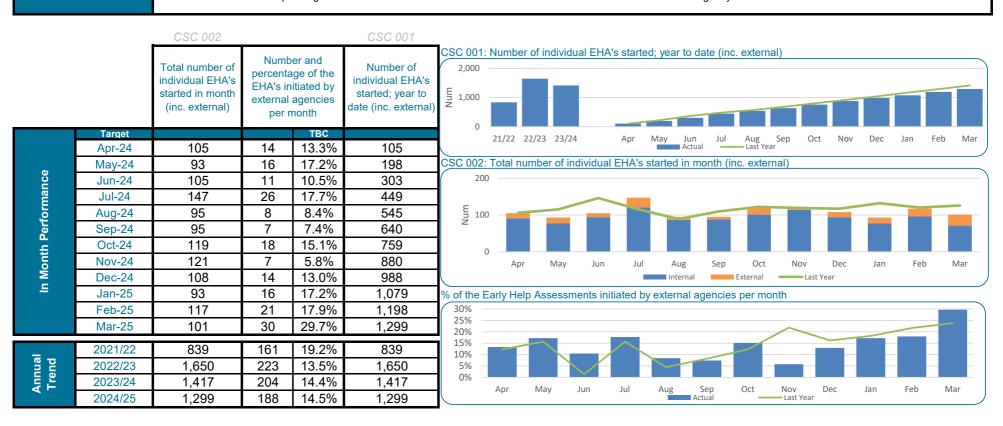
		•	to BSF nth end	Open to an exat mor	% of children open to BSF	
		Children	Families	Children	Families	%
	Apr-24	418	201	128	65	76.6%
	May-24	429	208	117	63	78.6%
ce	Jun-24	416	205	108	60	79.4%
Performance	Jul-24	428	206	123	67	77.7%
orn	Aug-24	447	218	111	61	80.1%
erf	Sep-24	467	229	103	56	81.9%
h P	Oct-24	443	215	118	60	79.0%
In Month	Nov-24	498	233	102	55	83.0%
Σ .	Dec-24	447	212	103	53	81.3%
<u> </u>	Jan-25	458	213	116	58	79.8%
	Feb-25	483	232	124	63	79.6%
	Mar-25	443	219	145	70	75.3%
	2021/22	411	191	73	35	84.9%
Annual Trend	2022/23	490	218	125	68	79.7%
Ann Tre	2023/24	423	197	125	64	77.2%
	2024/25	443	219	145	70	75.3%



#### **EARLY HELP ASSESSMENTS: STARTED**

**DEFINITION** 

The number of individual Early Help Assessments (EHA) started in month and year to date, including those initiated by external agencies. The start date of the EHA is taken from the form created date in Liquid Logic and the start date of the external EHA is taken from the contact date when the agency informed us of the EHA.



# MISSING: EPISODES

**DEFINITION** 

The number of episodes of children going missing in Darlington, including Children in Care.

		CSC	215	CSC 246				
		Total number of missing episodes and children involved in month		Missing - ( Care wi	Children in th DBC	Of which are in a placement more than 20 miles from home		
		Episode	Child	Episode	Child	Episode	Child	
	Apr-24	19	12	7	2			
	May-24	16	12	8	4			
ce	Jun-24	15	11	6	4	2	2	
In Month Performance	Jul-24	23	12	9	4	3	2	
orr	Aug-24	43	17	25	5	5	4	
erf	Sep-24	31	14	19	4			
ë. E	Oct-24	26	13	10	4	1	1	
oni	Nov-24	16	10	11	5	2	2	
<b>Z</b>	Dec-24	16	12	14	10	4	4	
=	Jan-25	33	16	25	9	6	4	
	Feb-25	19	16	11	9	2	2	
	Mar-25	15	11	9	9			
	2021/22	582	174	253	31	22	4	
Annual Trend	2022/23	691	162	383	31	2	2	
<b></b> Annual Trend	2023/24	423	122	152	27	13	6	
	2024/25	272	81	154	24	25	11	

## **ASSESSMENTS**

**DEFINITION** 

Monthly and cumulative number of Children & Families (C&F) assessments completed for a child.



### **ASSESSMENTS: TIMELINESS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Of those assessments completed in a period, the percentage completed within 45 working days. Day zero is the first working day on or after the start date of the referral, or strategy discussion decided to initiate S47 enquiries, or where new information indicates that an assessment should be undertaken. The end date is the first working day on or after the recorded date the Team Manager closes the single assessment.

A process indicator as a proxy measure for improved child safety and how quickly services can respond when a child is thought to be at risk of serious harm. Local authorities should investigate and address concerns in a timely and efficient way.

		CSC 038	CSC 040	CSC 060	CSC 080	CSC 100	_
		% C&F Assessments completed within 45 working days (year to date)	Monthly % completed within 45 working days	Monthly % completed within 25 working days	Monthly % completed within 15 working days	Monthly % completed within 10 working days	% C&F Assessments completed within 45 working days (year to date)
	Target	90%	90%	4.5	0.4	0.4	
	Apr-24	73.0	73.0	4.5	3.4	3.4	80
Φ	May-24	85.1	97.7	7.0	3.5	1.2	
2	Jun-24	89.6	98.8	19.1	19.1	19.1	
E E	Jul-24	90.8	95.5	3.0	3.0		
ō	Aug-24	91.5	96.0	6.0			40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 -
Peri	Sep-24	91.3	89.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	
÷:	Oct-24	91.8	96.3	18.5	1.9	1.9	1
out out	Nov-24	90.3	79.4	14.7	5.9	5.9	20
In Month Performance	Dec-24	90.9	94.9	18.0	7.7	7.7	1
=	Jan-25	90.6	89.5	18.6	11.3	4.0	0
	Feb-25	89.6	79.8	16.5	15.2	12.7	- 21/22 22/25 25/24 Api May Juli Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jail Feb Mai
	Mar-25	89.4	87.9	13.1	5.1	4.0	Actual Target Last Year England North East Stat Neighbour
	2021/22	85.4		17.4	7.6	5.3	Ī
nd	2022/23	70.0		30.3	18.6	13.8	1
Annual	2023/24	62.7		11.9	9.5	1.2	1
4.	2024/25	89.4	87.9	13.1	5.1	4.0	]

### **SECTION 47 ENQUIRES: STARTED**

**DEFINITION** 

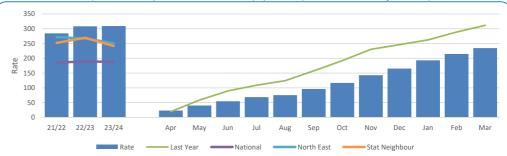
Number of children who have had a section 47 enquiries started monthly and year to date and the actual number of enquires started.

CSC 166 CSC 164 Rate of section 47 Section 47 Number of Of which also enquiries started enquires children who had an open per 10,000 of the started in the had a section CPP plan 0-17 population month 47 enquiry (Cumulative) Apr-24 28 52 2 23.4 May-24 21 38 5 40.4 In Month Performance 18 32 3 54.8 Jun-24 15 31 3 68.8 Jul-24 14 2 Aug-24 17 75.5 20 44 96.2 Sep-24 28 46 116.8 Oct-24 6 28 142.9 3 Nov-24 58 28 50 Dec-24 8 165.4 33 62 193.2 Jan-25 20 Feb-25 48 1 214.8 24 44 234.6 Mar-25 2021/22 317 633 14 284.5 Annual Trend 351 30 2022/23 681 308.3 2023/24 372 693 22 308.8 2024/25 277 522 33 234.6

Number of children; showing the total including and excluding those already on CPP



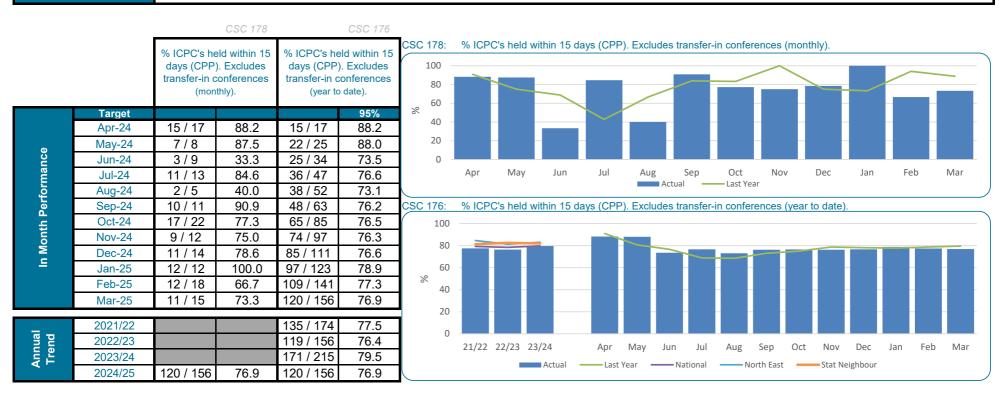
Rate of section 47 enquiries started per 10,000 of the 0-17 population (inc. children already on CPP)



#### **INITIAL CHILD PROTECTION CONFERENCES: TIMELINESS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Of those Initial Child Protection Conference (ICPC) held within the period (excluding transfer ins), the percentage recorded in the Safeguarding Unit workbook where Child Protection strategy meeting / section 47 enquiry to ICPC are within 15 days (CPP). This provides an indication of how quickly the safety of the child is considered by a multi-agency meeting.



2024/25

111

49.9

#### **CHILD PROTECTION PLANS DEFINITION** Number of children subject to a Child Protection plan at the end of the month. CSC 182 CSC 181 CSC 182: Number of children subject to a CP plan Rate of children Number of subject to a CP 200 children subject Plan per 10,000 to a CP plan population 150 Children Apr-24 147 66.1 100 133 59.8 May-24 In Month Performance 50 115 51.7 Jun-24 Jul-24 106 47.6 99 44.5 Aug-24 21/22 22/23 23/24 Jul Oct Nov Dec Feb Mar May Jun Aug Sep Jan 99 Sep-24 44.5 Actual Last Year 47.2 Oct-24 105 CSC 181: Rate of children subject to a CP Plan per 10,000 population 106 47.6 Nov-24 80 111 49.9 Dec-24 60 105 47.2 Jan-25 Rate Feb-25 113 50.8 40 111 49.9 Mar-25 20 53.9 2021/22 120 Annual Trend 52.1 116 2022/23 0 21/22 22/23 23/24 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar 2023/24 146 65.6

Actual

----Last Year

----National

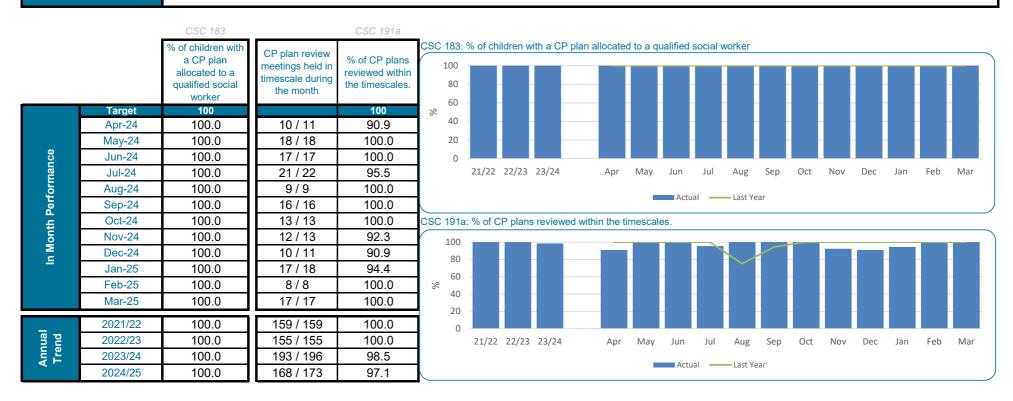
----North East

----Stat Neighbour

### **CHILD PROTECTION PLANS: ALLOCATION & REVIEWS**

**DEFINITION** 

Reviews are a key element in delivering CP Plans and effective reviews should ensure the provision of good quality interventions. This indicator is a proxy for the measurement of effectiveness of the interventions provided to children subject to a CP plan. "Working Together to Safeguard Children" guidance requires that the first review should be within 3 months of their ICPC and thereafter at intervals of no more than 6 months.

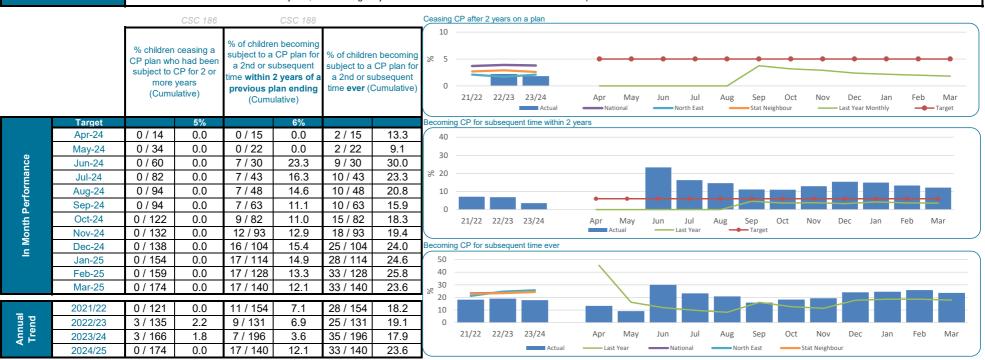


#### **CHILD PROTECTION PLAN: TIME PERIODS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Percentage of children ceasing to be subject to a Child Protection Plan who had been subject to a Plan for 2 or more years, and percentage of children becoming subject to a Child Protection Plan for the 2nd or subsequent time within a) 2 years of a previous plan, and b) with a previous plan at any point.

These indicators reflect the underlying principle that professionals should be working towards specified outcomes which, if implemented effectively, should lead to all children not needing to be the subject of a Child Protection Plan within a maximum of two years, or becoming subject of a Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time.



### **CHILD PROTECTION: STATUTORY VISITS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Percentage of children subject to a Child Protection (CP) plan who had all statutory visits carried out within timescales and percentage of Child Protection statutory visits completed within timescale monthly and year to date.

% CP visits % CP visits % CP visits % CP visits completed completed completed completed within within 15 within 10 within 15 10 working days working days working days working days year to date within the within the year to date (cumulative) month (cumulative) month 90 90 Target 90 90 77.3 93.3 Apr-24 77.3 93.3 May-24 80.1 96.5 78.7 94.9 In Month Performance Jun-24 74.8 94.8 77.7 94.9 75.0 77.0 94.5 Jul-24 93.1 75.9 Aug-24 93.4 76.8 94.3 76.8 Sep-24 77.0 93.9 94.2 Oct-24 74.1 92.1 76.4 93.9 Nov-24 79.1 98.8 76.7 94.5 81.0 95.7 77.2 94.6 Dec-24 75.1 96.0 77.0 94.8 Jan-25 77.0 Feb-25 77.0 93.2 94.6 Mar-25 67.4 92.3 76.3 94.5 96.8 2021/22 82.9 Annual Trend 67.8 90.0 2022/23 69.0 90.4 2023/24 67.4 92.3 76.3 94.5 2024/25





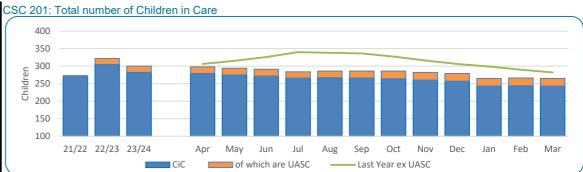


# **CHILDREN IN CARE**

**DEFINITION** 

Number of Children in Care (CiC) at the end of each month and of which are Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Child (UASC).

		CSC 201	CSC 207	CSC 200
		Total number of Children in Care	Of which are identified as a UASC	Rate of CiC per 10,000 population
	Target			95
	Apr-24	298	19	133.9
	May-24	294	19	132.1
nce	Jun-24	291	19	130.8
mai	Jul-24	284	18	127.6
for	Aug-24	286	19	128.5
In Month Performance	Sep-24	286	20	128.5
ih F	Oct-24	286	22	128.5
ont	Nov-24	282	22	126.7
Σ.	Dec-24	279	22	125.4
<u>-</u>	Jan-25	265	22	119.1
	Feb-25	266	22	119.5
	Mar-25	265	22	119.1
	2021/22	273	3	123.0
nd	2022/23	322	17	142.3
Annual Trend	2023/24	300	18	134.8
	2024/25	265	22	119.1





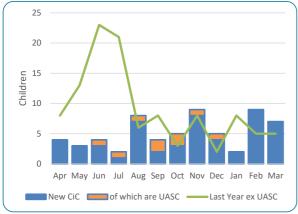
### **CHILDREN IN CARE: COMING INTO CARE**

**DEFINITION** 

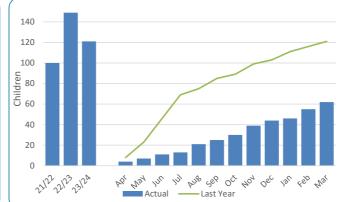
Number of children coming into the care of the local authority during the month and year to date and where they are an unaccompanied asylum seeking child (UASC). This is further broken down to show their first placement type.

		CSC 209	CSC 208b			First placement type in care								
		Monthly number of children coming into care	Cumulative number of children coming into care	of which are UASC	Placed with parent (P1)	Connected Carer (U1&U3)	Foster care (U5&U6) - Internal	Foster care (U5&U6) - External	NHS/ Medical trust (R2)	Family centre/ Mother & Baby unit (R3)	Homes and Hostels (K2)	Res accom. / Indepent. living (H5,P2, K3)	Other placement (Z1)	YOI - (R5)
	Apr-24	4	4				2				1		1	
	May-24	3	7				3							
8	Jun-24	4	11	1			1	1				1	1	
nan	Jul-24	2	13	1								1		1
orn	Aug-24	8	21	1	1						1	1	5	
Performance	Sep-24	4	25	2			2	1				1		
£	Oct-24	5	30	2			2	2					1	
Month	Nov-24	9	39	1	4		1				1	1	2	
<u>≅</u>	Dec-24	5	44	1	2			1	2					
=	Jan-25	2	46			1	1							
	Feb-25	9	55			1	4						4	
	Mar-25	7	62		1		1		1	1	1			2
_	2021/22	100	100	2	15	10	27	14	14	0	2	17	17	1
nua	2022/23	149	149	18	22	13	42	11	5	2	5	13	36	
Annual Trend	2023/24	121	121	11	14	9	34	2	7	1	2	8	44	
	2024/25	62	62	9	8	2	17	5	3	1	4	5	14	3

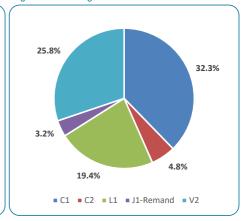
Monthly number of children coming into care



Total number of children coming into care within the year



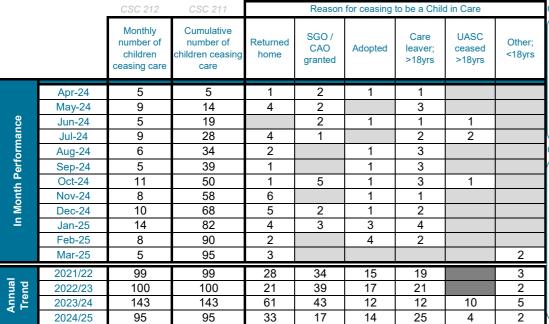
Legal status coming into care-Exc UASC



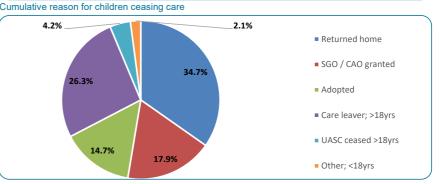
#### **CHILDREN IN CARE: CEASING CARE**

#### **DEFINITION**

Number of children ceasing to be a Child in Care during each month and year to date and their destination when they ceased being in care. This could be due to returning home to parent or other person with no PR (planned and unplanned), having a Special Guardianship Order (SGO) / Child Arrangement Order (CAO) granted by the courts to a carer, adoption or turning 18 years old and becoming a care leaver and supported by a personal advisor. Other reasons why a child could cease care could be due to receiving a custodial sentence or moving out of the area and transferring to a different local authority.



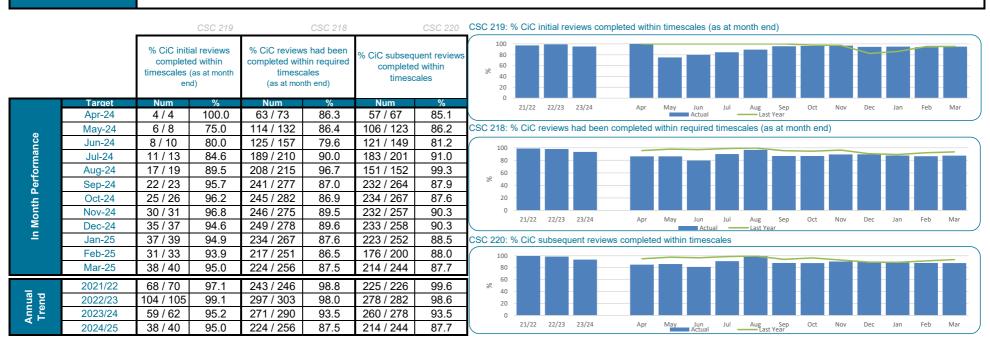




#### **CHILDREN IN CARE: REVIEWS**

#### **DEFINITION**

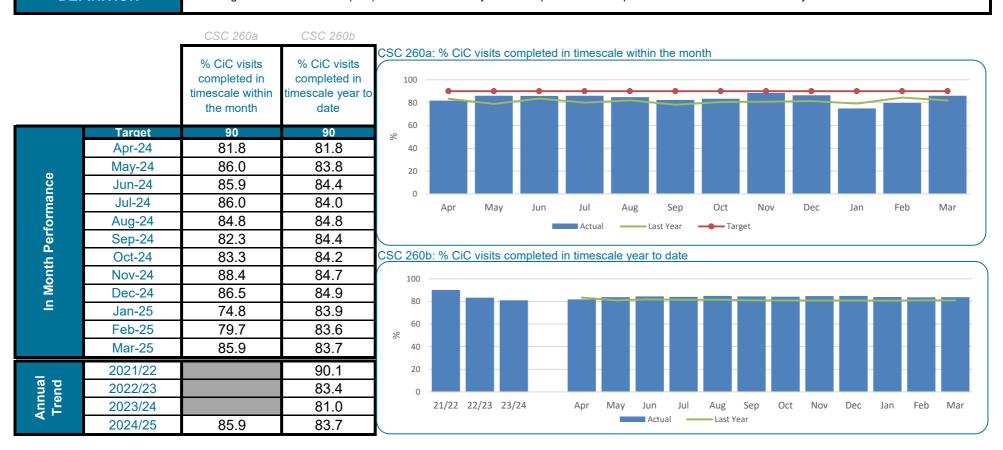
The purpose of the review is to consider the plan for the child's welfare, to monitor the progress of the plan and amend it as necessary in light of changed information and circumstances. The statutory intervals are within 20 working days of placement, then within 3 months and 6 monthly thereafter, but reviews may be rescheduled or held inside these intervals if there are significant changes to the child's care plan..Percentage of the current Children in Care (CiC) who have had their initial review, and all of their subsequent reviews completed within the required timescales.



# **CHILDREN IN CARE: STATUTORY VISITS**

**DEFINITION** 

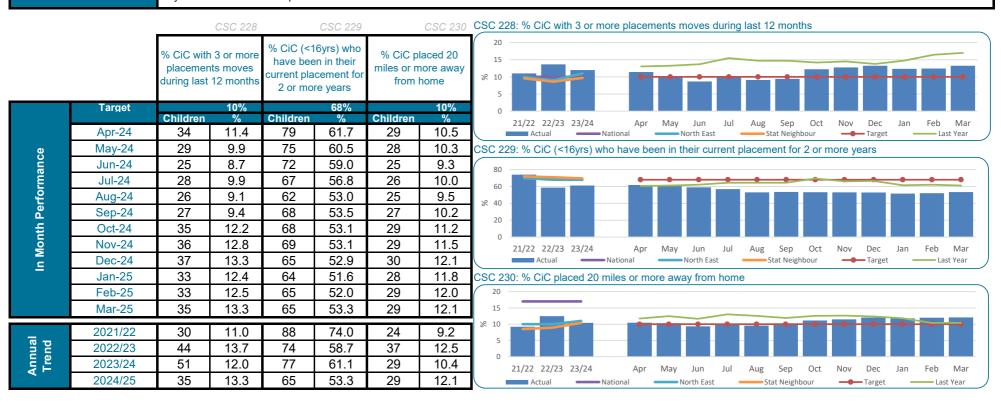
Percentage of Children in Care (CiC) who had all statutory visits completed within required timescales each month and year to date.



#### **CHILDREN IN CARE: PLACEMENTS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Of those Children in Care (CiC) at the point in time (excluding series of short-term placements), the percentage that had 3 or more separate placements in the previous 12 months; who (under the age of 16 years) had been in their current placement for 2 or more years. and who were placed more than 20 miles away from their home address. Proper assessment and an adequate choice of placements to meet the varied needs of different children are essential if appropriate stable placements are to be made. Inappropriate placements often break down and lead to frequent moves. Nevertheless, the circumstances of some individual children will require 3 or more separate placements during a year if they and others are to be kept safe.



### **CHILDREN IN CARE: HEALTH ASSESSMENTS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Of the Children in Care (CiC) at 31 March who had been in care continuously for at least 12 months, the percentage who have had their Review Health Assessment (RHA) completed and the percentage who have an up to date Health Check (excludes any who will turn 18 before 31st March).

Children in Care share many of the same health risks and problems as their peers, but often to a greater degree. These indicators track the participation of our Children in Care's health as a proxy for monitoring the general health and wellbeing of the children, as well as providing a check on the effectiveness of joint working with Health to secure good health outcomes for Children in Care.

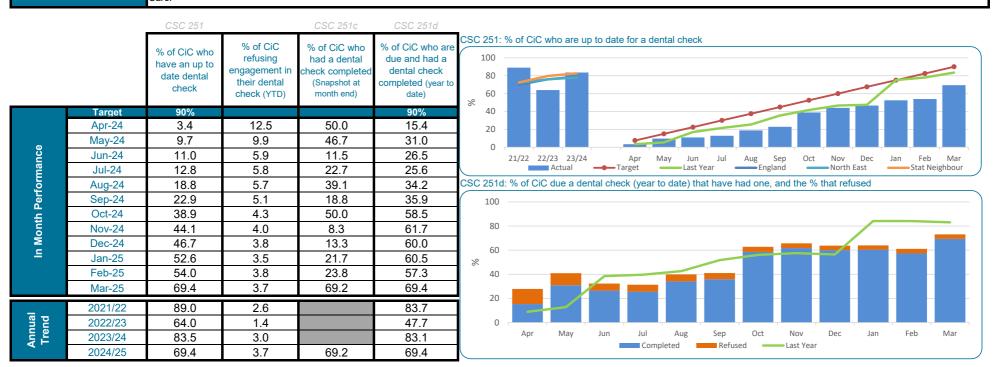
		CSC 250		CSC 250a	CSC 250b	_
		% of CiC who have an up to date health checks	% of CiC refusing engagement in their review health check (YTD)	a review health	due and had a review health check completed (year to date)	80
	Target	90% 6.4	5.6	99.0	90%	40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 -
	Apr-24 May-24	18.3	3.8	88.0 52.9	72.9 58.5	20 -
8	Jun-24	26.0	2.9	76.5	72.5	
In Month Performance	Jul-24	38.5	2.0	67.9	75.8	21/22 22/23 23/24 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar  Last year completed National North East Stat Neighbour
orm.	Aug-24	49.6	2.9	82.4	82.4	CSC 250b:% of CiC due a review health check (year to date) that have had one, and % that refused
erf	Sep-24	53.8	2.4	77.8	84.7	100
<u> ۹</u>	Oct-24	62.1	2.1	18.8	89.4	
nt T	Nov-24	67.6	1.8	71.4	89.6	80
Ĕ	Dec-24	75.2	1.7	100.0	92.8	
≞	Jan-25	85.3	0.5	87.5	94.1	60 -
	Feb-25	88.5	0.5	61.5	92.5	40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 -
	Mar-25	93.2	0.9	82.6	93.2	
	2021/22	93.0	3.7		91.6	20
Annual Trend	2022/23	94.0	1.6		83.3	
_ rel	2023/24	90.7	1.3		91.1	Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
∢ -	2024/25	93.2	0.9	82.6	93.2	Completed Refused ——Last year completed

#### CHILDREN IN CARE: DENTAL HEALTH ASSESSMENTS

#### **DEFINITION**

Of the Children in Care (CiC) at 31 March who had been in care continuously for at least 12 months, the percentage who had had their teeth checked by a dentist during the previous 12 months, and the percentage who had had an annual health check during the previous 12 months (excludes any who will turn 18 before 31st March).

Children in Care share many of the same health risks and problems as their peers, but often to a greater degree. These indicators track the participation of our Children in Care with dental checks as a proxy for monitoring the general health and wellbeing of the children, as well as providing a check on the effectiveness of joint working with Health to secure good health outcomes for Children in Care.



# **CHILDREN IN CARE: INITIAL HEALTH ASSESSMENTS**

**DEFINITION** 

Percentage of Initial Health Assessments completed within 20 working days of a child coming into our care year to date (data from Health), and percentage of IHA forms returned to Health within 5 working days. This excludes children / young people coming into care due to being remand or UASC.

		Completed IHA within 20 working days (by Health)	IHA forms returned to Health within 5 working days
	Target	95	
	Apr-24		3 / 4
ø	May-24		1/2
In Month Performance	Jun-24	8 / 10	3 / 4
ma	Jul-24		2/2
for	Aug-24		7/8
Per	Sep-24	3 / 14	2/4
두	Oct-24		2/5
<u>o</u>	Nov-24		0/8
<b>≥</b>	Dec-24	7 / 16	1/3
_	Jan-25		1/2
	Feb-25		7/9
	Mar-25	14 / 18	5/7
_	2021/22	82.1%	89.4%
Annual Trend	2022/23	54.5%	72.4%
Anr	2023/24	60.7%	65.5%
₫'	2024/25	55.2%	58.6%







# **CARE LEAVERS**

#### **DEFINITION**

Former relevant care leavers split to show the young people who, at 31st March, will be aged 19-21 and those who will be aged 22-25. The percentage who were in suitable accommodation at their most recent contact, and the percentage who were not in employment, education or training at their most recent contact.

This measures accommodation and employment outcomes for young people formerly in care - a key group at risk of social exclusion. It is intended to increase the proportion of former care

This measures accommodation and employment outcomes for young people formerly in care - a key group at risk of social exclusion. It is intended to increase the proportion of former calleavers who are in suitable accommodation and employment, education or training.

		CSC 286	CSC 294			
		19-21 ye	ear olds	22-25 ye	ar olds	
		% Care leavers in	0, 0	% Care leavers in		CSC 286: % Care leavers in suitable accommodation
		suitable	% Care leavers NEET	suitable	% Care leavers NEET	100
		accommodation	NEET	accommodation	INCLI	95
	Target	90%	30%			
	Apr-24	100.0	21.2	96.8	21.0	8 90 <b>- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - </b>
	May-24	95.4	18.5	96.6	16.9	85
erformance	Jun-24	93.8	23.4	96.5	17.5	
mai	Jul-24	95.2	25.8	96.4	19.6	80
<u> jo</u>	Aug-24	95.3	25.0	94.6	25.0	21/22 22/23 23/24 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar  19-21yrs 22-25yrs Last Year England North East Stat Neighbour
Per	Sep-24	96.9	21.9	96.4	25.0	
	Oct-24	95.3	26.6	96.4	27.3	CSC 294: % Care leavers NEET
Month	Nov-24	93.7	28.6	96.2	28.3	60 ————————————————————————————————————
	Dec-24	95.3	31.3	98.0	28.6	50
_	Jan-25	96.8	38.1	95.7	34.0	40
	Feb-25	98.4	38.7	95.8	37.5	% 30
	Mar-25	96.7	41.0	95.7	38.3	
	2021/22	98.0	20.0	97.3	18.4	20
g g	2022/23	96.3	20.4	95.9	18.4	
Annual Trend	2023/24	98.4	22.6	97.9	14.6	0 21/22 22/23 23/24 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar
₹ F	2024/25	96.7	41.0	95.7	38.3	19-21yrs 22-25yrs Target Last Year England North East Stat Neighbour